

Forward looking statements

This report contains forward-looking statements as defined in the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 concerning our financial condition, results of operations and businesses.

These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control and all of which are based on our current beliefs and expectations about future events. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes", "expects", "may", "will", "could", should", "intends", "estimates", "plans", "assumes" or "anticipates", or the negative thereof, or other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy that involve risks and uncertainties.

These forward-looking statements and other statements contained in this report regarding matters that are not historical facts involve predictions. No assurance can be given that such future results will be achieved. Actual events or results may differ materially as a result of risks and uncertainties facing us and our subsidiaries. Such risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to vary materially from the future results indicated, expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements.

There are a number of factors that could affect our future operations and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements including (without limitation): (a) changes to IFRS and associated interpretations, applications and practices as they apply to past, present and future periods; (b) ongoing and future acquisitions, changes to domestic and international business and market conditions such as exchange rate and interest rate movements; (c) changes in domestic and international regulatory and legislative environments; (d) changes to domestic and international operational, social, economic and political conditions; (f) labour disruptions and industrial action; and (g) the effects of both current and future litigation.

The forward-looking statements contained in the report speak only as of the date of the report. We are not under any obligation to (and expressly disclaim any such obligation to) revise or update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. We cannot give any assurance that forward-looking statements will prove correct and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.









We transform the lives of 2 Billion people in growth markets.

Our big opportunity is to unlock an

AI FIRST WORLD

to our customers.



We are on a journey to create the next \$100B of value

TENCENTValuable asset with potential for value appreciation



INVESTING IN THE NEXT WAVE

Invest in **new opportunities**, with a focus
on **ecosystem & AI**



potential IPOs in the next 18 months

OUR GOAL IS TO MAKE PROSUS OPERATIONS & INVESTMENTS AS VALUABLE AS TENCENT

Strong Growth with Profitability

We are building a strong ecosystem ...





Prosus Expertise & Investment in AI

Re-imagine Ecommerce with AI: Better Products; Better Companies



Our agenda



2

3

UNLOCK AN AI FIRST WORLD

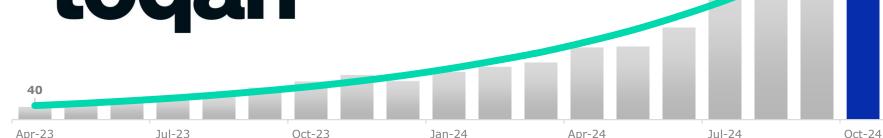
DISCIPLINE & RESULTS

INVEST TO BUILD THE FUTURE OF OUR ECOSYSTEM

We are creating the future inside Prosus ...



Number of Queries ('000)



26
PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

23K

UNIQUE USERS
ACROSS PROSUS

12K
MONTHLY ACTIVE USERS

4M

QUESTIONS

ANSWERED

47min
REPORTED SAVED
TIME PER DAY

~15%
REPORTED PRODUCTIVITY
INCREASE

590



... For our customers & companies

Improved Marketing Campaigns

Fraud Prevention

Cheaper Customer Support

Logistics Optimisation

Deep Personalisation



30%

REDUCTION IN CUSTOMER REACQUISITION

97%

CREDIT CARE ACCEPTANCE

40%

REDUCTION IN CUSTOMER SUPORT COST + 5PP INCREASE IN CUSTOMER SATISFACTION 16%

REDUCTION IN DELIVERY COSTS

17%

INCREASE IN ADS REVENUE



17%

INCREASED MARKETING EFFECTIVENESS

15%

REDUCTION IN COST FOR DETECTING BAD CONTENT

95%

OF LISTINGS MODERATED BY AI **7M**

IMAGES PROCESSED DAILY, QUICKLY AND AT HUMAN-LEVEL ACCURACY 230%

INCREASE IN LISTING VIEWS

MORE INFORMATION ON OUR WEBSITE: IFOOD CASE STUDY OLX CASE STUDY

We are just starting to leverage AI

For customers



Experiential

New interfaces

Hyperpersonal

Everywhere

TRAIN MODEL

Prosus Large Commerce Model

AI-READY DATA
1 trillion data points for model training

AGENTS

For companies



Improved Marketing Campaigns

Fraud Prevention

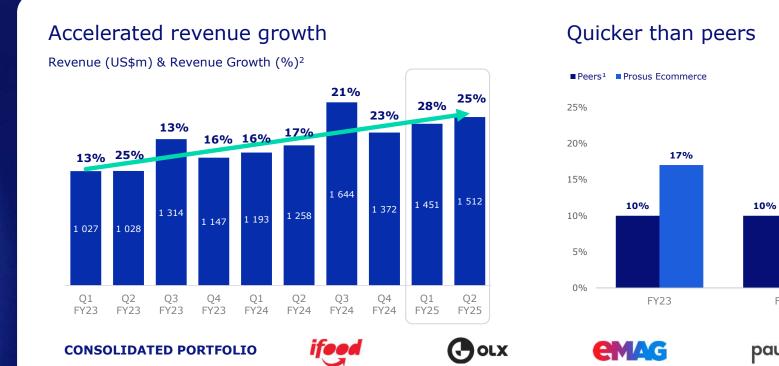
Cheaper Customer Support

Logistics Optimisation Deep Personalisation





Strong peer-beating revenue growth ...



 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm Based}$ on peer equivalent annual periods, source: Bloomberg, company data.



26%

9%

H1 FY25

iyzico

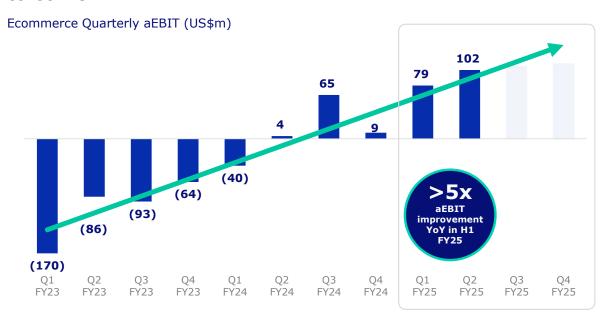
19%

FY24

² FY23 and FY24 proforma for the change in revenue recognition for iFood to reflect a like-for-like comparison. Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

... with continued profit improvement

Significantly improved Ecommerce profitability... and more to come





Consolidated Ecommerce aEBIT target for FY25











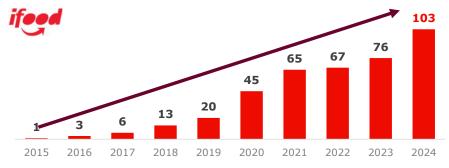
CONSOLIDATED PORTFOLIO





iFood continues to grow profitably ...

iFood reaches >100m orders

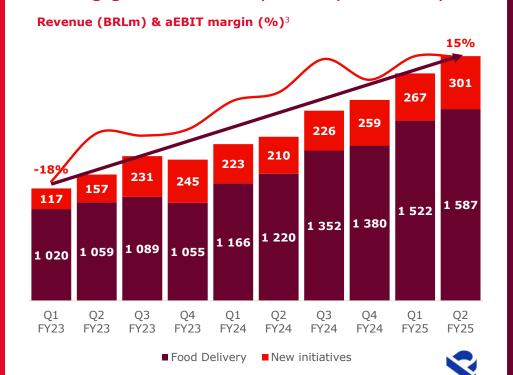


30% H125 YoY Revenue growth¹

32% H125 YoY GMV growth¹

Core restaurant business showcases industry leading margin

26% aEBIT margin²



Strong growth with improved profitability

¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

² Relates to the Restaurant Food delivery business.

³ Adjusted for the impact of the changes in revenue recognition and changes in the composition of the iFood Group



... As it expands its ecosystem ...









FOOD DELIVERY QUICK COMMERCE

FINTECH



POS and **ERP** solutions for commerce



iFood is breaking new ground by integrating its technology to the physical spaces of restaurants with **iFood Salão** (self-service kiosks),

PRIORITIES

Deliver Delicious, Affordable Food with Exceptional Service for All Tastes and Budgets Revolutionise Restaurants with iFood Salão - lowering service costs and boosting sales opportunities

Financially Support Restaurant Growth with Credit and Payment Services Profitably revolutionise Quick Commerce Shopping Across Brazil



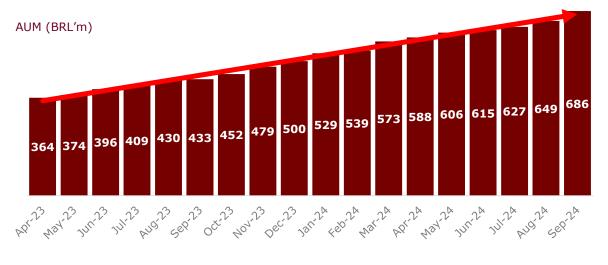


Constant innovation drives growth



iFood created a "unique" credit engine

(high approval rate, with low delinquency rate and its already profitable)





From the app to the dining room: iFood introduced self-service kiosks, and the initial launch along with the subsequent months of operation have been successful.



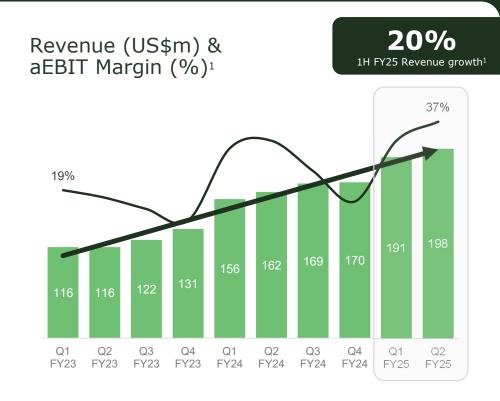
OLX continues to grow & expand margin









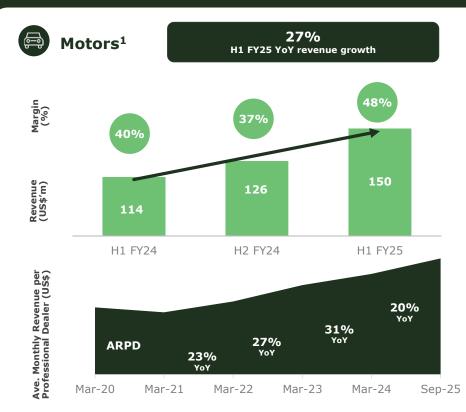


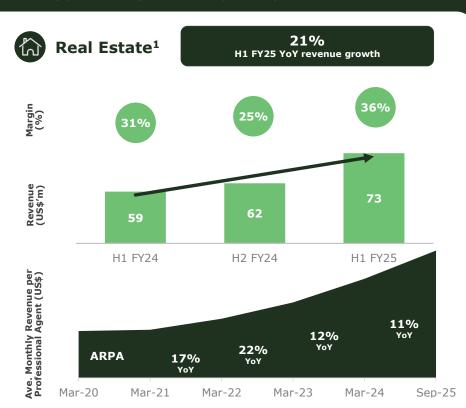




With renewed focus on motors & real estate

Motors & Real estate are the fastest growing categories with opportunity for margin expansion







¹ Motors and real estate categories reflect performance from both the vertical and horizontal platforms.

payu

PayU India: At an inflection point post set-backs





28%H125 YoY revenue growth¹

-9% H125 aEBIT margin

PayU India revenue (US\$) and revenue growth (%)¹

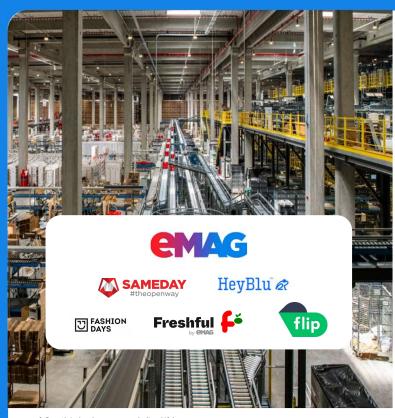


¹ PayU India includes the core payments business in India and the Indian Credit business. Growth in local currency excluding M&A.





On the road to maximising profitability



431 412 638 447 449 481 756 520 554 577
Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2
FY23 FY23 FY23 FY23 FY24 FY24 FY24 FY24 FY25 FY25

19%
H125 YoY revenue growth¹

Revenue (US\$'m)

1%
(0%)
(1%)
(2%)
(2%)
(2%)
(1%)
(1%)
(2%)
(2%)

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4
FY23 FY23 FY23 FY23 FY24 FY24 FY24 FY24 FY25 FY25 FY25 FY25

Ambition for eMAG Group
Profitability in FY25

aEBIT margin (%)



¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

We are highlighting the value of our assets: Our Indian investments lead the way

In the last 6 months



\$11.3B Valuation¹

Potential IPO candidates in the next 18 months





...more to come

Future Potential ...











...more to come

Actively managing our portfolio: Simplification & Trade-offs

Disposals simplify the portfolio

Trip.com

\$1.5B

Trimmed our stake at IPO1



\$500M

Divestments that reflect new focus on making tradeoffs



PayU to focus on its rapidly growing Indian payments and credit business



eMAG to improve its core operations in etail and focus on its priorities, on grocery delivery and financial services

SUPERBALIST.COM

Takealot Group focus on efforts to expand Takealot.com and MrD²



 $^{^{1}}$ Prosus sold shares of Swiggy generating gross proceeds of approximately US\$500m as part of the IPO. 2 Takealot does not form part of Prosus. It is a South African ecommerce business in the Naspers Group.

We are buying back more shares as a % of market cap than any tech company globally¹

Buyback impact to date

\$36bn

Value created³

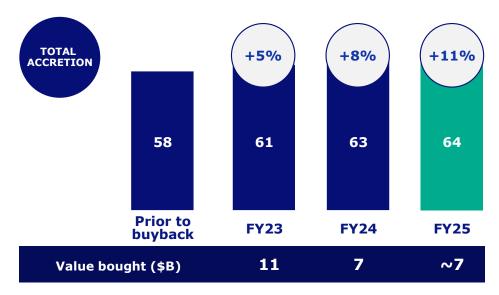
25% of Prosus

free-float repurchased⁵ **767m**

Prosus & Naspers shares acquired⁴

10%
NAV
accretion per share⁵

Illustrative NAV per share²



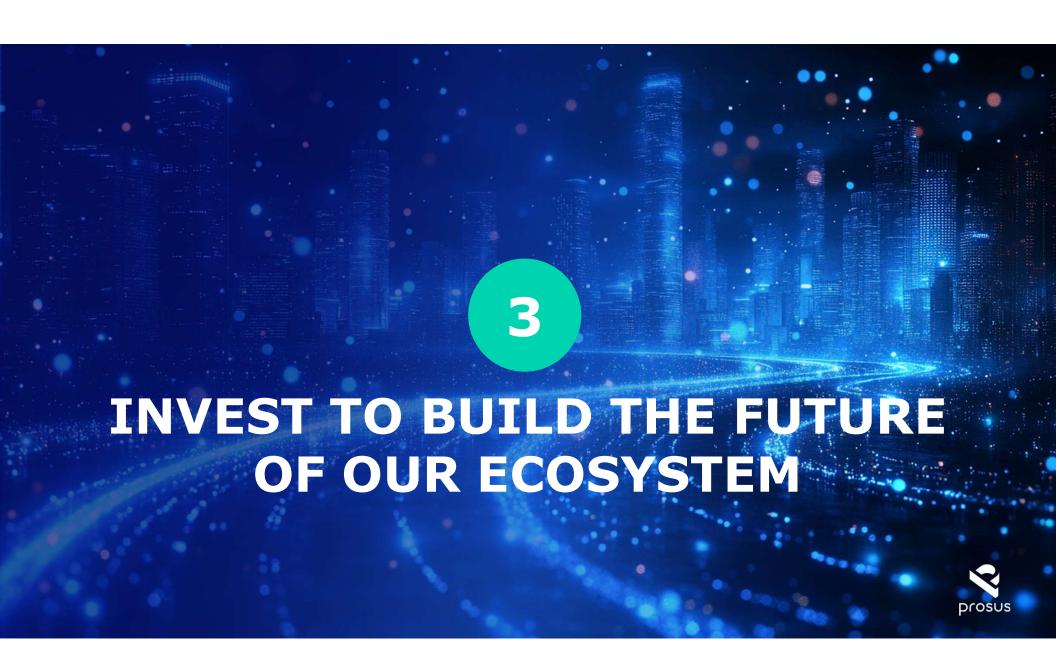
¹ Based on relative buyback size to market capitalisation for companies selected from S&P 500, Stoxx 600, Hang Seng and JSE All Share indices. Period for each company reflects the equivalent period closest to Prosus' repurchase period of 28 June 2022 to 29 November 2024 based on available data.



² NAV per share prior to buyback based on NAV on 29 November 2024 adjusted for Tencent shares sold. Assumption that NAV was unchanged except for the impacts of the buyback on number of Tencent shares owned

³ Value created for the Group based on the impact of the discount narrowing and the total value of the NAV per share increase after applying the current discount. ⁴ 718m Prosus and 49m Naspers shares repurchased. Prosus shares repurchased prior to the share capitalisation issue have been adjusted to reflect like-for-like.

^{5 22%} of Naspers free-float was repurchased and this translates to an 12% NAV accretion per share for Naspers.



We are building a strong ecosystem ...



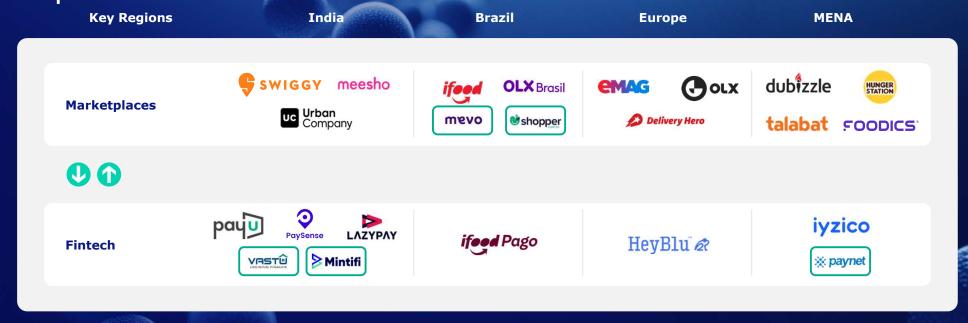


Prosus Expertise & Investment in AI

Re-imagine with (Gen)AI: Better Products; Better Companies



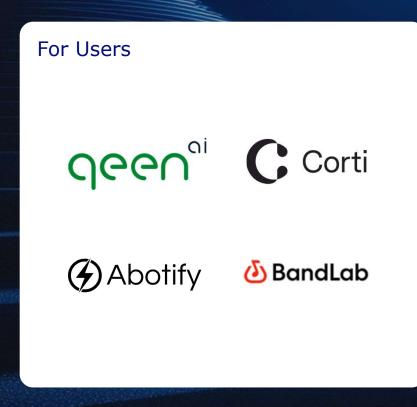
... while investing to leverage our customers, technology & expertise



Re-imagine with (Gen)AI

Since the start of FY25, we have invested ~\$300m to enhance our ecosystems

... & investment in (Gen)AI: Better Products, Better Companies







We continue to scale our social impact

Unlocking AI-first world with future skills program



Collaborating towards 50% zero emission deliveries by 2030





Investing in sustainable businesses



PRIME ROOTS

The EVERY Company



N neara



dott



H1 FY25 Financial Highlights

Ecommerce revenue growth accelerated and grew more than 2x faster than its peer group

Delivered positive consolidated group aEBIT, driven by a 5x YoY improvement in Ecommerce aEBIT

88% Core HEPS growth driven by Ecommerce and Tencent profit and enhanced by share buyback

74% YoY improvement in Free Cash Flow

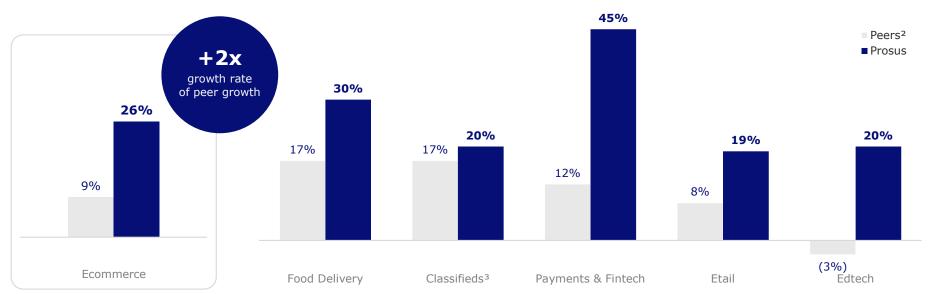
Growth in central cash strengthens balance sheet further and provides additional financial flexibility



Revenue growth accelerated across all of Ecommerce

Our intent is to deliver revenue of \$6.2bn (maintaining organic growth above 20%) for FY25







¹ YoY growth shown in local currency, excluding M&A.
 ² Based on peer equivalent annual periods, source: Bloomberg, company data.
 ³ Classifieds growth shown excluding minor OLX Autos revenues of a finance business that is winding down.

... With profitability improving and more to come...

Our ambition is for \$400m in consolidated Ecommerce profitability for FY25



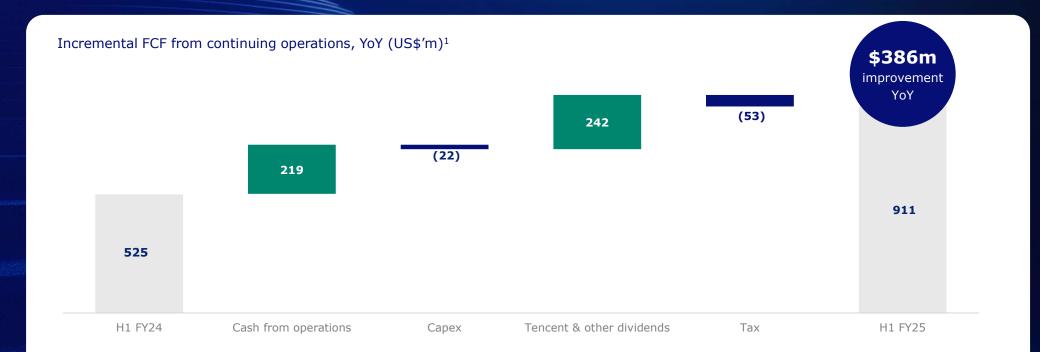
¹ Consolidated aEBIT of continuing operations of majority owned and managed businesses. FY21, FY22 and FY23 have been adjusted to include like-for-like minor OLX Autos revenues and costs of a finance business which is winding down.

² In April 2024, the Group centralised certain operational corporate functions which resulted in approximately \$27m of costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made



Free cash flow grows 74%

Free cash flow reflects improved profitability across our portfolio and increased dividends from Tencent



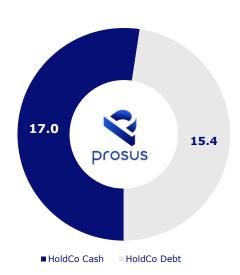
¹ FCF (Free cash flow) is defined as EBITDA less adjustments for non-cash items, working capital (excluding merchant cash), taxation, capital expenditure, capital leases repaid and investment income. To report a more sustainable and relevant indicator of our FCF generation, from FY24 we excluded specific merchant cash-related working capital. Prior period numbers have been adjusted to reflect this change.



Strong & liquid balance sheet

We remain committed to an Investment Grade rating

Net cash¹ of US\$1.6bn at 30 September 2024 (\$'bn)



Investment Grade

BBB (S&P) / Baa2 (Moody's)

9.2% LTVBased on gross debt²

3.8X

Interest cover³

4.4X

3-year debt maturity & interest service cover

3.1%

Average cost of debt







¹ Cash includes short-term cash investments, debt includes all interest-bearing debt and excludes all finance leases.

² Internal calculation for LTV (Loan to Value): Gross debt / (Gross cash + listed assets + 50% unlisted assets) at 30 September 2024. Rating agencies use Net debt / cash for their calculations - Net LTV is -0.8%.

³ Calculations for interest cover: (Dividends from investments and cash to HoldCo + interest received - HoldCo operating costs) / HoldCo interest for the trailing 12 months ended 30 September 2024.

We are on a journey to create the next \$100B of value

INTEND TO DELIVER HIGH GROWTH, STRONG PROFITABITY & HIGHLIGHT VALUE

> **INDIA** Highlighting value with 5 potential IPOs in the next 18 months



ended buyback program

THE NEXT WAVE Invest in **new** opportunities, with a focus on ecosystem & AI

INVESTING IN

8Tencent 腾讯

for value appreciation



Valuable asset with potential



ECOMMERCE

Strong Growth with Profitability **OUR GOAL IS TO MAKE PROSUS OPERATIONS & INVESTMENTS**

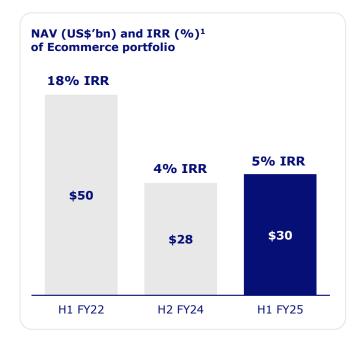
AS VALUABLE AS TENCENT

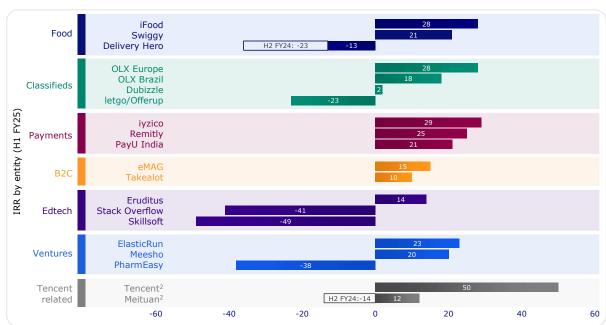




1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group General Allocation Consolidated Results 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

Inflection in the IRR, but more improvement needed





Note: Selection of disclosed investments are investments primarily based on valuation, secondarily on capital invested.



¹ Valuation of the Ecommerce portfolio (excluding Tencent) is based on a combination of (i) prevailing share prices for listed assets as at 29 November 2024; (ii) consensus sell-side analysts' estimates for unlisted assets; (iii) most recent post-money transactions valuation where analyst consensus is unavailable; and (iv) internal valuation for any remaining assets. The IRR is calculated including exited assets.

² Tencent includes JD.com proceeds and the value of Meituan on the day of distribution, which is then assumed as the investment cost for Meituan's IRR calculation.

Our ambition is to invest and increase capital returns...

INVESTMENT TO LEVERAGE OUR ECOSYSTEM

We leverage our ecosystem and invest to generate unique returns

Bigger sized cheques

INVESTMENT TO EXPLORE "THE NEXT WAVE"

We first learn to define a path for competitive advantage

Smaller sized cheques

CAPITAL RETURN

As profitability improves further & M&A pipeline reduces, we can increase returns to shareholders



1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary Capital Allocation Consolidated Results

... recent years have been weighted to capital returns

Open-ended buyback continues to drive higher capital returns



¹ Capital invested reflects investment through M&A and organic investment (aEBIT investment into consolidated new initiative businesses).

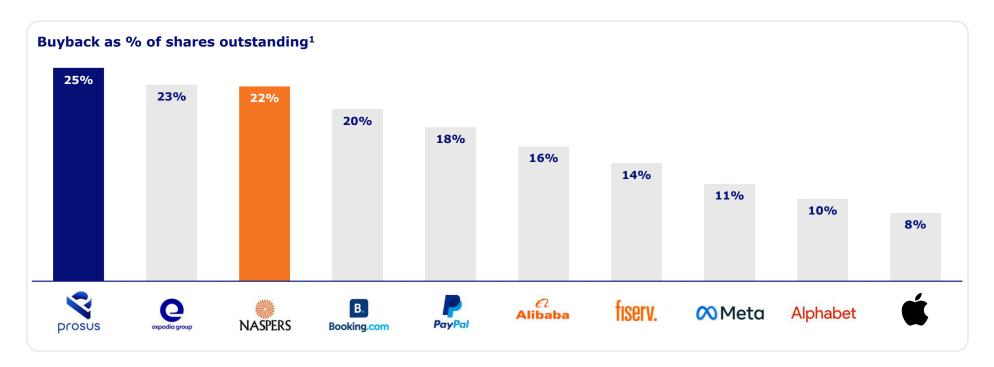


² Capital returned reflects the combined value of the shares repurchased and dividends paid by Prosus and Naspers.

1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary Capital Allocation 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

... which has led to the largest global tech buyback

Capital return via open-ended buyback the largest in tech globally¹ relative to market cap



Source: Bloomberg, Company data, as of 29 November 2024



¹ Based on relative buyback size to market capitalisation for companies selected from S&P 500, Stoxx 600, Hang Seng and JSE All Share indices. Period for each company reflects the equivalent period closest to Prosus' repurchase period of 28 June 2022 to 29 November 2024 based on available data.

H1 FY25 Financial Highlights

- Ecommerce revenue growth accelerated and grew more than 2x faster than peer group
- Positive consolidated group aEBIT, driven by a 5x YoY improvement in Ecommerce aEBIT
- Core HEPS up 88% driven by Ecommerce and Tencent, and enhanced by share buyback
- 74% YoY improvement in Free Cash Flow
- Central cash growth strengthens the balance sheet and adds financial flexibility

Financial Summary							
	H1 FY24	H2 FY24	H1 FY25				
Consolidated Ecommerce results from continuing operations							
Ecommerce Revenue Growth ¹	16%	22%	26%				
Ecommerce aEBIT ²	(\$36m)	\$74m	\$181m				
Ecommerce aEBIT Margin ²	(1%)	2%	6%				
Group results from continuing operations							
Group aEBIT ²	(\$113m)	(\$5m)	\$60m				
Group aEBIT margin ²	(5%)	0%	2%				
Core Headline Earnings	\$2.0bn	\$3.0bn	\$3.5bn				
Core HEPS YoY Growth	96%	96%	88%				
Free Cash Flow ³	\$525m	(\$1m)	\$911m				
Central Cash	\$15.1bn	\$14.6bn	\$17.0bn				

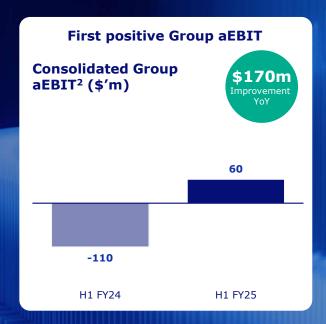
The group changed its naming convention of trading profit to adjusted EBIT. This change improves comparability to peers and is not a change in the definition.



¹ Revenue percentages represent YoY growth in local currency, excluding M&A.
2 Revenue percentages represent YoY growth in local currency, excluding M&A.
3 In FY24 we excluded specific merchant cash-related working capital. HI FY24 has been adjusted to reflect this change

Driving peer-leading growth with improving margin







Operations expected to deliver more profitable growth & cash flow generation in the coming years

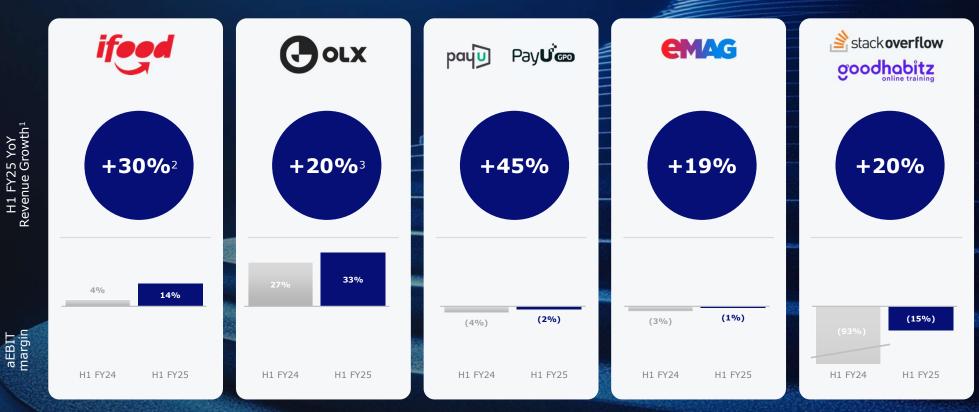
² In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.

³ FCF (Free cash flow) is defined as EBITDA less adjustments for non-cash items, working capital (excluding merchant cash), taxation, capital expenditure, capital leases repaid and investment income. To report a more sustainable and relevant indicator of our FCF generation, from FY24 we excluded specific merchant cash-related working capital. Prior period numbers have been adjusted to reflect this change.



¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

Driven by strong operational performance



¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

² Proforma for the change in revenue recognition in FY24 and the composition of the iFood Group.

³ Excludes the OLX Autos financing business which is winding down.

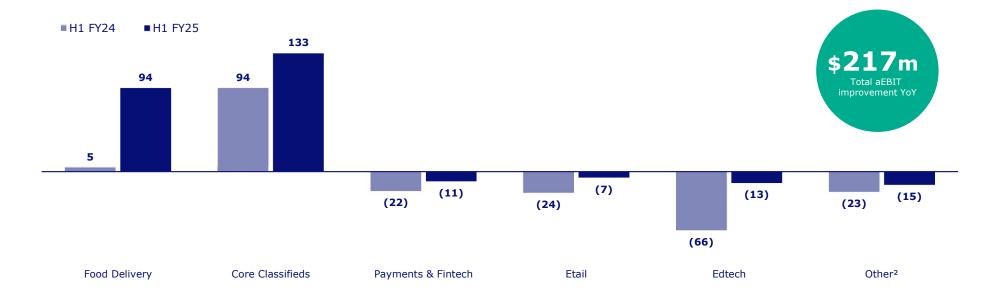
⁴ In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.

1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group General Allocation Consolidated Results 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

... driven by improvement in aEBIT in all segments

Scaling revenue and cost efficiency driving improved aEBIT across all segments

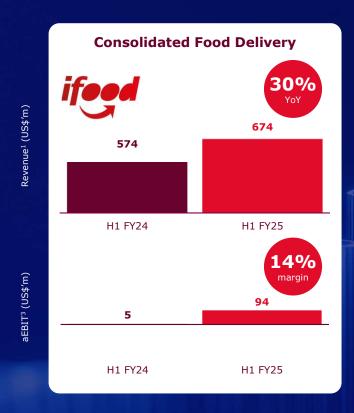
Consolidated Ecommerce aEBIT by segment¹ (%)

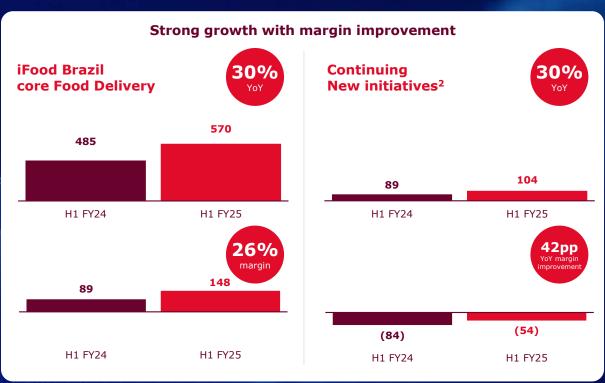


¹ In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made. ² Other includes Movile and Prosus Ventures



iFood accelerated overall growth and improved margins





¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A. In H2 FY24, iFood modified its revenue recognition approach from a principal to an agency basis and began incorporating delivery subsidies into revenue. We have adjusted H1 FY24 revenue on a like-for-like basis.

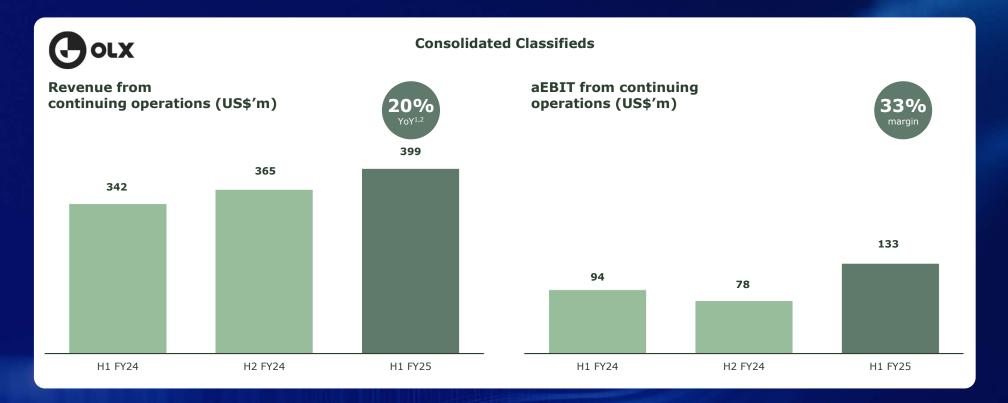
² Includes grocery, fintech initiatives (including receivables product previously in core Food Delivery), and corporate costs for iFood.

3 In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.



1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group Consolidated Results 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

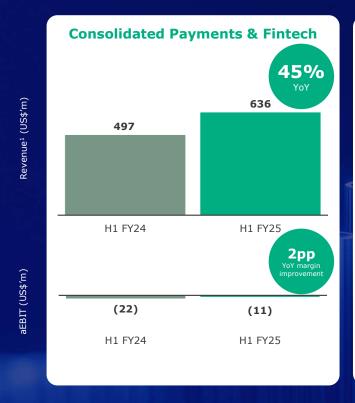
OLX grew strongly with margins surpassing 30%

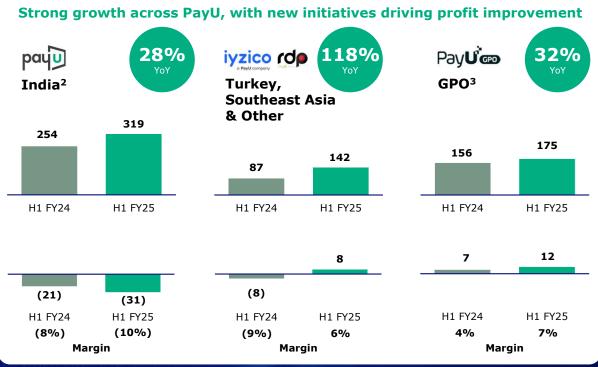


 1 Growth in local currency excluding M&A. 2 Excluding minor OLX Autos revenues of a finance business that is winding down.



PayU accelerated growth and improved overall profitability



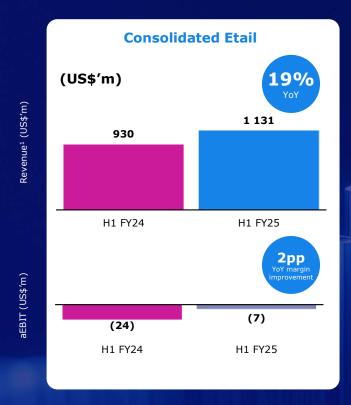


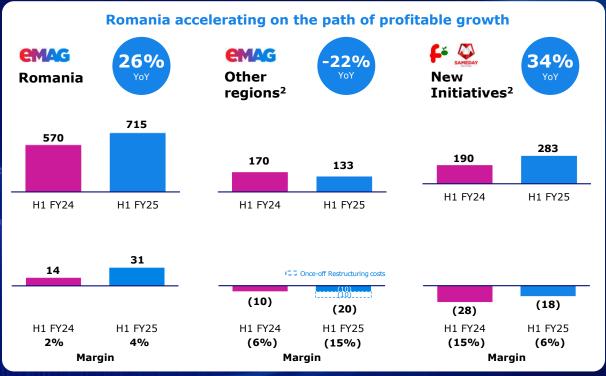


¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

² PayU India includes the core payments business in India and the Indian Credit business.
³ GPO excluding iyzico and Red Dot Payments. The sale of GPO is expected to close in FY25.

eMAG growth acceleration and profitability improvement





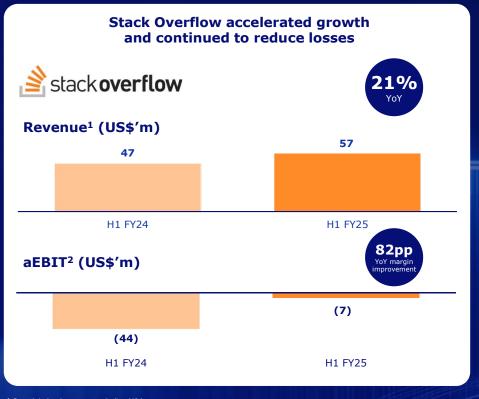
¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

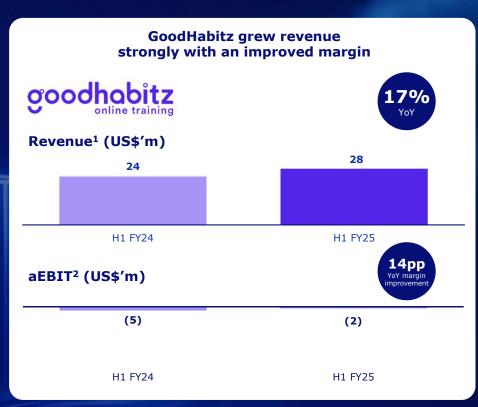


² Other regions include mainly Hungary, Bulgaria. New initiatives include mainly Tazz (eMAG signed an agreement for Wolt to acquire Tazz), Freshful and Sameday.

3 In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.

Edtech further improved profitability with resilient growth







¹ Growth in local currency excluding M&A.

² In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.

Profitable growth throughout portfolio drives strong core HE

Growth in core HE driven by Tencent, consolidated Ecommerce and positive net interest



The share buyback further amplifies core earnings to 88% growth on a per share basis

¹ Core Headline Earnings is regarded by management as an appropriate indicator of the operating performance of the Group, as it adjusts for non-operational items



Group corporate cost reconciliation

Corporate cost aligned to new organisational structure

Corporate cost reconciliation, aEBIT level, YoY (US\$'m)1



In April 2024, the Group centralised certain operational corporate functions which resulted in around \$27m of costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment.

No retrospective adjustments have been made.

¹Overall, on a like-for-like basis, corporate costs (for the group and segments combined) have decreased YoY as the Group realised the benefit of earlier cost-rationalisation decisions. Corporate costs depicted here relate only to the Group level.



1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group Consolidated Results 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

Group Consolidated Results

Consolidated Segmental Results from continuing operations

		Revenue		Adjusted EBITDA ¹			Adjusted EBIT ¹		
US\$'m	H1 FY24	H1 FY25	YoY % Growth ²	H1 FY24	H1 FY25	H1 FY25 Margin	H1 FY24	H1 FY25	H1 FY25 Margin
Ecommerce	2 451	2 963	26%	14	229	8%	(36)	181	6%
Food Delivery	574	674	30%	11	97	14%	5	94	14%
 Classifieds³ 	342	399	20%	102	140	35%	94	133	33%
 Payments & Fintech 	497	636	45%	(18)	(8)	(1%)	(22)	(11)	(2%)
Etail	930	1 131	19%	3	23	2%	(24)	(7)	(1%)
 Edtech 	71	85	20%	(61)	(10)	(12%)	(66)	(13)	(15%)
Other	37	38	27%	(23)	(13)	(34%)	(23)	(15)	(39%)
Corporate	-	-		(71)	(118)		(74)	(121)	
Consolidated Results	2 451	2 963	26%	(57)	111	4%	(110)	60	2%

Consolidated results | Includes the results of subsidiaries, where the Group has a majority stake



¹ In April 2024, the Group centralised operational corporate functions which resulted in costs previously recognised in Ecommerce now being incorporated within the Group's corporate segment. No retrospective adjustments have been made.

² Growth shown in local currency excluding M&A.

³ Classifieds growth shown excluding minor OLX Autos revenues of a finance business that is winding down.

Guidance FY25

Ecommerce Revenue **FY25**

US\$6.2bn $>20\% \text{ YoY}^{1}$











Ecommerce Adjusted EBIT FY25

US\$400m 6.5% margin













Strong debt metrics with long-dated bond maturities

Debt metrics					
US\$'m	LTM Sep 23	LTM Sep 24			
Cash remitted to/generated at Holdco level:					
Tencent dividend	759	1 001			
Classifieds portfolio	139	166			
Interest income earned on central cash	676	851			
Total inflows	1 573	2 018			
Commitments:					
Holdco – operating costs	(84)	(153)			
Available for interest/dividends	1 489	1 865			
Holdco interest cost (12 months)	(493)	(488)			
Interest cover ¹	3.0	3.8			
Gross Loan to value (LTV) ²	12.1%	9.2%			
Net Loan to value (LTV)	0%	(0.8%)			

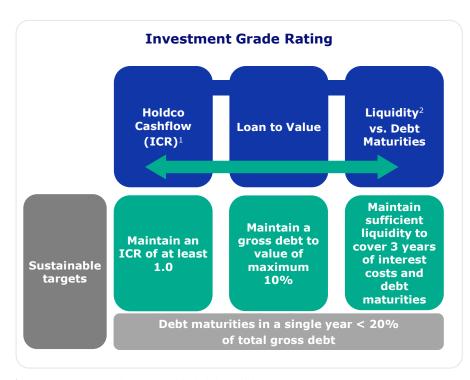




 $^{^{}m 1}$ Interest cover calculated as cash available for interest and dividends / annual holdco interest costs.

² Gross LTV = Gross debt/(market value of listed assets + 50% of market value of unlisted assets + Holdco cash) at 30 September.

We have defined guidelines that inform our decisions on our capital structure



While our balance sheet allows significant flexibility to absorb short term fluctuations in any one of these metrics, we have outlined the rationale for our sustainable guidelines below:

Interest Coverage Ratio

A ratio of 1 or higher over a 12-month period

We should on a sustainable basis be in a position that our interest costs per annum are serviced by our holding company cash flow and that we are not financing our interest costs by adding more debt.

2 Loan to Value

An LTV ratio below 10%

This allows us more flexibility on interest cover and liquidity which we consider to be key at the moment. With an ICR sustainably above 2x we may consider increasing LTV to 15%.

3 Liquidity position

3 years

A liquidity position that covers Debt Servicing for the following 3 years gives a healthy buffer to pay interest and debt maturities through economic cycles.



¹ Interest Coverage Ratio = cash for interest and dividends / Annual holdco interest costs.

² Liquidity = cash + undrawn committed financing facilities

Tencent fundamental strength enhanced

Platform + content strategy, and AI drives 16% gross profit and 19% operating profit growth¹

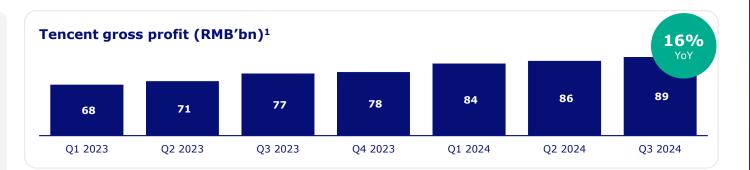
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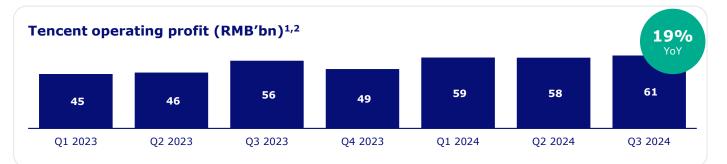












¹ Financial details according to Tencent's financial reports available at www.tencent.com. Equity-accounted investments are included on a 3-month lag basis in Prosus's results. % represents YoY growth for the year quarter ended 30 September 2024 Operating profit reported on a non-IFRS basis, which reflects Tencent's core earnings.

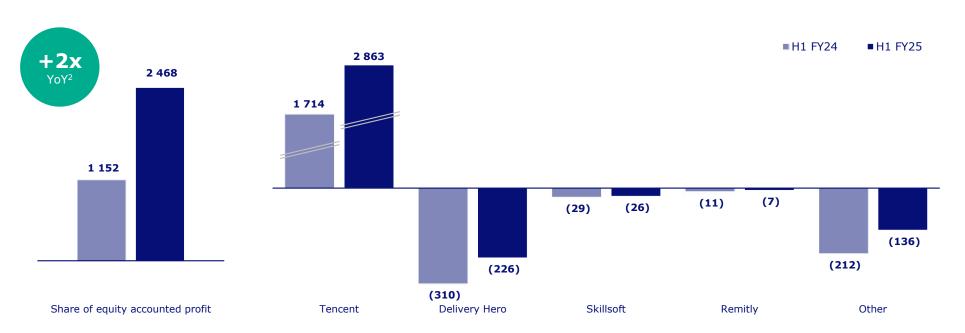


1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary Consolidated Results

Share of equity accounted results by associates and JV's

Improved profitability across our portfolio of associates and JVs

Associates share of equity accounted results¹ (US\$'m)



 $^{^1}$ Average FX conversion rates: Tencent - US\$/RMB7.18 (7.16); Delivery Hero - US\$/ ε 0.92 (0.92).



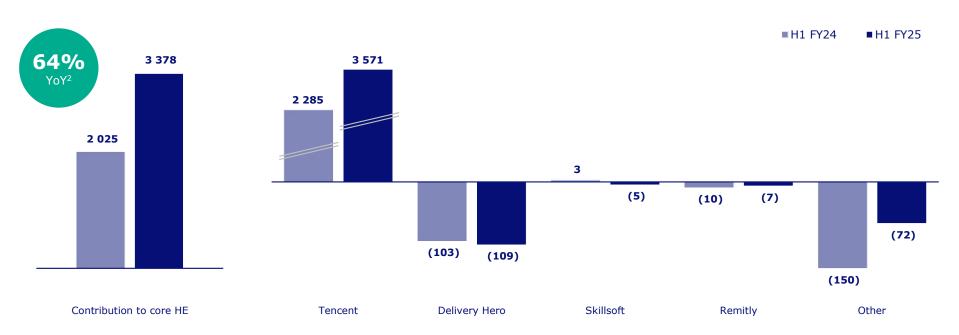
² Growth shown in local currency excluding M&A.

1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary Consolidated Results

Contribution to core HE by associates and JV's

Growth in contribution to core HE by associates and JV's driven by Tencent

Associates' contribution to core headline earnings¹ (US\$'m)



¹ Average FX conversion rates: Tencent - US\$/RMB7.18 (7.16); Delivery Hero - US\$/€0.92 (0.92).



² Growth shown in local currency excluding M&A.

1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group General Allocation Consolidated Results 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary

Group portfolio companies



Organogram depicts the latest effective interest percentage in major entities at 30 September 2024. $^1\,\rm OLX$ owns 50% of operations in Brazil.



² Prosus owns an effective interest of 25% after Swiggy's IPO in November 2024.

1. Portfolio Management & 2. H1 FY25 Group 3. Debt metrics 4. Results of Associates & JV's 5. Group Portfolio & Glossary Capital Allocation Consolidated Results

Glossary

Consolidated Results | Results of subsidiaries only, companies which the Group controls.

Free cash flow | Earnings before interest, tax and depreciation and amortization less adjustments for non-cash items, specific non-operational working capital, taxation, capital expenditure, capital leases repaid and investment income.

Core HEPS | Core Headline Earnings is a non-IFRS measure and represent headline earnings for the period excluding certain non-operating items and is an appropriate indicator of the operating performance of the Group.

aEBIT | Adjusted EBIT (previously known as trading profit) represents operating profit/loss adjusted for non-operating items such as business combination expenses, gains and losses from other assets and remeasurements of cash settled share-based compensation liabilities.

SBTi | Science Based Target initiative

IG | Investment grade, a reference to the rating on debt

ARPD / ARPA | Average monthly revenue per professional dealer / Average monthly revenue per professional agent

Peer Groups

Food delivery | Deliveroo, Delivery Hero, DoorDash, GOTO, Grab, Just Eat Takeaway, Meituan, Uber, Zomato

Classifieds | Auto Trader, Hemnet, REA Group, Rightmove, Scout24

Payments & Fintech | Adyen, Affirm, Block, Dlocal, Global Payments, Nuvei, PayPal, Worldline

Etail | Alibaba, Allegro, Amazon, Asos, Boohoo, Etsy, JD.com, Mercadolibre, Vipshop, Zalando

Edtech | Chegg, China Yuhua, Coursera, Niit, Pearson, Skillsoft, Udemy, 2U





For further information

Visit our website | <u>www.prosus.com</u> or <u>www.naspers.com</u> Email | InvestorRelations@prosus.com